**CHEMMAP** – An Operational Application for the Assessment of Marine Pollution.

An Operational Modeling Tool for Response Support.

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# Outline

- Introduction / Presentation of ASA (RPS group)
- Operational Modeling Tools
  - Applications, Components, Quality of results
  - Main processes to be modeled
  - Balance between Accuracy and Operationality
- Chemical spill modeling software CHEMMAP
  - Graphic Environment
  - Model Output

#### Applied Sciences Associates Inc. (now RPS ASA)

Environmental, Coastal and Marine Consultancy in Rhode Island, USA Scientific & Technological Solutions to manage and protect the marine environment. Now part of the *RPS Group* (UK)

#### • Services & Consultancy

Water quality and hydrodynamic modeling Support Oil Industry (E&P activities, EIA, drilling, etc.) Natural Resource Damage Assessment Operational Metocean Data Provision (winds and currents forecasts) Training, Drill Exercises

#### • Products & Modeling Tools

In Support of Decision Making (Emergency, Pollution, Search & Rescue) In Support of Environmental Evaluation (Impact, Risk, Mapping) Water quality, hydrodynamic modeling, Biological Impact GIS Framework, OGC Data distribution Water, air, land dispersion modeling Oil, Chemicals, LNG, Drilling materials

#### ASA activities

#### **Public Sector**

Marine Pollution Research Institutes/Centers, Responders (e.g. Cedre - France, RWS – Dutch Water Institute, EMSA)
Coast Guards (e.g. Sasemar – Spain, Irish CG)
National Administrations (e.g. NOAA, BOEMRE – USA)
Local/regional agencies (e.g. MPA – Singapore)

#### Private Sector

Consulting firms (ERM, CH2M Hill, WP, URS)
Oil companies (TOTAL, Shell, Chevron, ExxonMobil, etc.)
Responders (OSRL)

#### **Products and Services**

- Environmental condition studies
  Pollutant drift modeling
  Oil/HNS spills
  Integrated Data Management System
  Development of webGIS environment
- Development of webGIS environment



Modeling Tools: Operational & Consulting

## Applications

#### • Environmental Assessment

#### <-> Long term

- Impacts of pollutant spills, on the coastline, on the marine environment, ecological consequences, etc.
- Risk Assessment and Contingency Planning
- Large dataset and combination of several models to assess interaction between the pollutant, the environment and human activities
- $\rightarrow$  Ensemble simulations (Stochastic)

#### • Emergency Support

#### <-> Short term

- Responders need a simple yet robust tool (system) to assess pollutant behaviour (drift, dispersion) in the first hours/days
- Integration of all available information (pollutant data, location of available resources, etc.)
- Real-time Met-Ocean Data (<-> Evolution Data Server EDS)
- For use during exercises and real spills
- → Forecast simulations

### **Operational Tool: Components**

- Graphic Environment
  - GIS (Geographic Information System) base map
  - Mapping of area of interest
- Database:
  - Chemicals
  - Geographic Static (e.g. coastline, bathymetry)
  - Geographic Dynamic (e.g. winds, currents) >> EDS
- Model(s)
  - Water component (pollution in water)
  - Atmospheric component (dispersion in atmosphere)
- Exportation / Importation:
  - Access to external data, standard file format
  - Exportation of results in other environments (e.g. Google Earth)

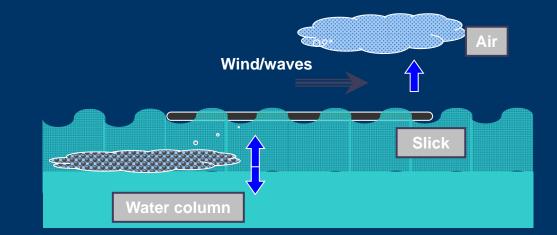
### Quality/Accuracy of Results – Trends

- Advanced computational resources: Numerical models can better reproduce more sophisticated processes by working with more information (data).
- Better interfacing between the model and graphic tools:
  - More robust and rapid technologies
  - More information sources
- Synergy:
  - >> Integrate/combine observations into model predictions

The quality of a model prediction is dependent on:	Trend
Input data	***
Model performance (physical/chemical processes)	*
Model users	**

## Modeling a Chemical Spill

- TRANSPORT and DISPERSION processes
  - Atmosphere (wind)
  - Marine and coastal environment: currents, waves, turbulence, rivers
- CHEMICAL REACTION processes:
  - Transformation of possible components of the chemical
  - Evaporation, dissolution, mixture with sediment, etc.
  - Long term processes
- Components (environment)
  - Volatile (air)
  - Floating (water)
  - Coastal (land)
  - Dispersed (water)
  - Dissolved (water)
  - Sediments (seafloor)

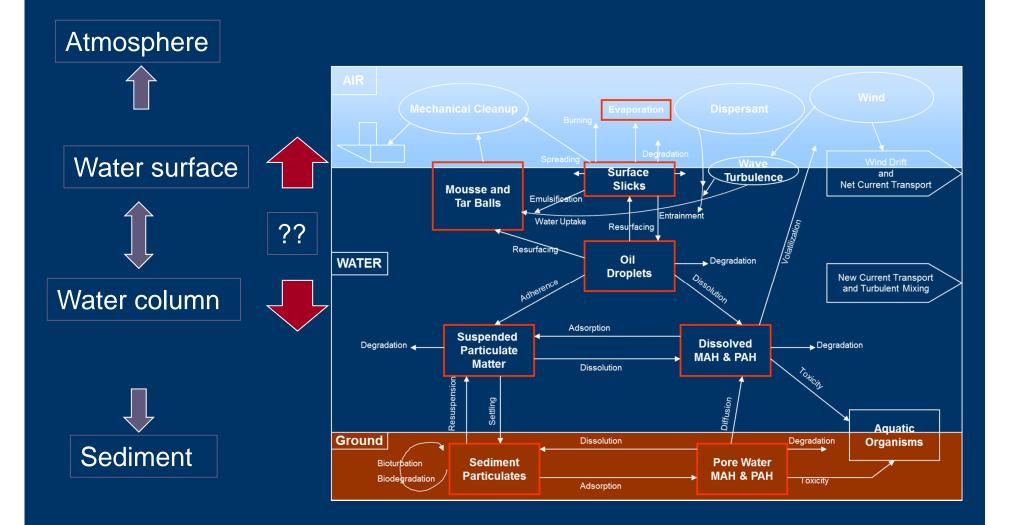


#### Chemical Classification – Database

- Buoyancy
- Evaporation
- Dissolution

Buoyancy Relative to Water	Solubil ity Behavior	Volatility
Floater:	Highly soluble:	Highly volatile:
density $< 1.0 \text{ g/cm}^3$	solubility > 1000 mg/L	vapor pressure > 0.1 kPa
Neutral:	Soluble:	Semi-volatile:
density 1.01-1.03 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	solubility 100 - 1000 mg/L	vapor pressure 10 <sup>-5</sup> - 0.1 kPa
Sinker:	Semi-soluble:	Low-volatile:
density > 1.03 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	solubility 1 - 100 mg/L	vapor pressure < 10 <sup>-5</sup> kPa
	Insoluble:	
	solubility < 1 mg/L	

#### What are the key processes?



Overall distribution?

Response according to our concerns

**CHEMMAP:** Chemical spills

### **CHEMMAP** features

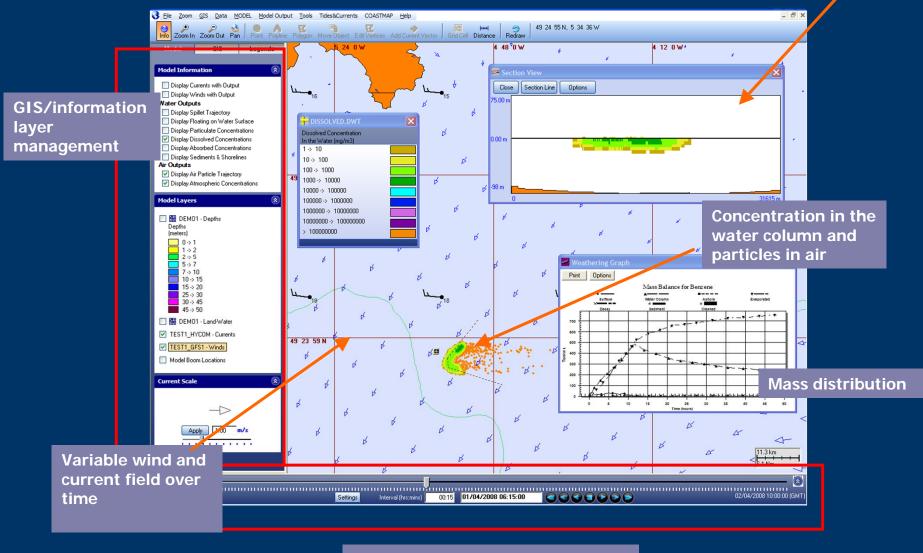
- Mapping tool which includes several models to simulate the drift, evolution and biological effects of a chemical spill in an aquatic and/or terrestrial environment.
- It includes a stochastic component for risk assessment/contingency planning, as well as an exposure model to assess the effect/concentration (toxicity).

#### • Modules:

- GIS (Geographic Information System)
- Digital and online nautical charts (e.g. C-MAP)
- Chemical database and MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet)
- Access to environmental data server (ASA EDS)
- Limitations:
  - Does not reproduce chemical reactions (e.g. acid/base, pH)
  - Only works with mono-component products (e.g. not oil)

### CHEMMAP environment

Vertical crosssection results



Animation/time synchronization

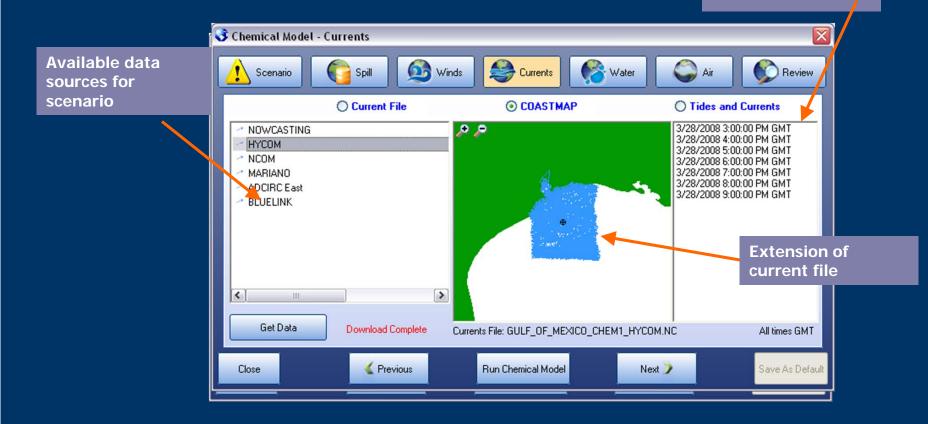
## Chemical Database

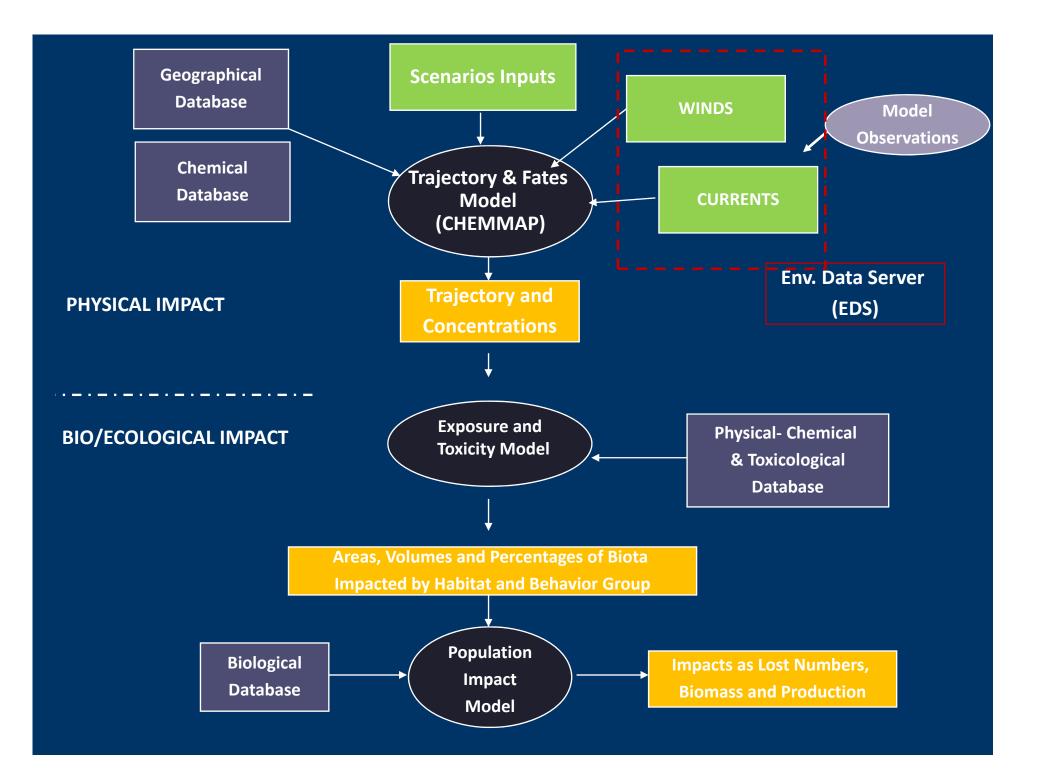
λ		<b>🛛</b>			
OK Chemical OASA Database Summary OPersonal Database	Unkn	wn Delete			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		- 🖽			
Save Add Chemical Author(s)					
Descriptions MSDS Information Physical	Chemical Initialization	Toxicity			
General Chemical Behavior (dependent on environmental conditions)  1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane:					
is a sinker is highly volatile	х.				
is highly soluble moderately adsorbs to particles	OK Chemical Summary	ASA Database			0
		Personal Database Benzene			-
Hazards Belongs to Reactiv >>Hazard Information Unavailable.<<	Add Chemical to Personal Database				
User may enter Hazard Information under 'User Notes'.	Descriptions MSD	5 Information	Physical Ch	nemical Initi	alization Toxicity
User may erker hazard miorination under User Notes.					
	Chemical benzol; cyclohe	xatriene:			8
	Synonyms				
Clear colorless liquid (NTP, 1992).	Molecular Formula C6H6	R	CAS No.	71 43	2 🛛 🕅
Water solubility - <1 mg/mL at 68.9jF [NTP, 1992]. C2H2Cl4					
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE is incompatible with strong oxidizing agents and st	Chemical State Pure Chemical	In Bulk Lig	uid	3	
	Solid, powder		aqueous solution	UN No.	1114
CUser Notes					
	Solid, pellets	O Particulate su aqueous solu	ution		
	O Solid, block	O Dissolved in	hydrophobic solvent		
	⊙ Liquid	Dissolved in O hydrophobic	or adsorbed to material suspended		
		in aqueous s	olution		
	O Gas	adsorbed to I	aqueous solution & hydrophobic		
	0 dds	material emul solution	lsion in the aqueous		
	Chemical Type Code	O Inorganic	<ul> <li>Organic</li> </ul>	O Petroleum Pro	educt

### Wind and Current via EDS

Online request for wind and current data for the scenario to be simulated (time and space) from the EDS/COASTMAP server

Time step included in current file obtained via EDS





#### CHEMMAP outputs

Types of model outputs

- •'Raw' Lagrangian particle model
- 'Process' > concentration calculations
- •Time series of the concentration at a given point

•Distribution of the concentration in different layers, and/or maximum

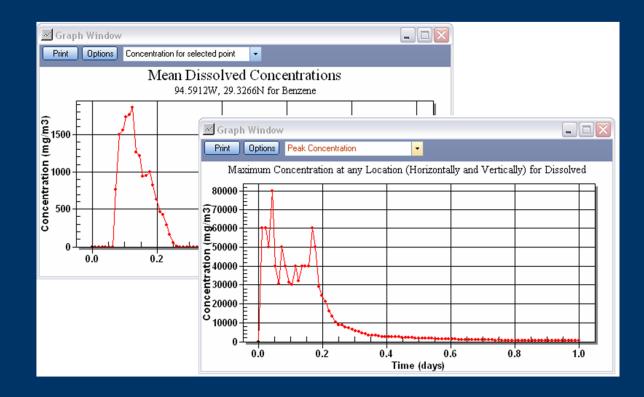
Map of Concentrations:
In air (vapor)
At surface (liquid/solid - floating)
Dissolved (in water column)
Dispersed (liquid – water column)
Sediment (liquid/solid)

Average maximum values •Time Weighted Average or •Immediate Dangerous to Life or Health

OK Chem Summ	iary	<ul> <li>ASA Database</li> <li>Personal Database</li> </ul>				g
dd Chemical to Person Database		Benzene				•
Descriptions	MSDS	Information	Physical	Chemical	Initialization	Toxicity
-Toxicity Parameters-						
Predicted No eff PNEC (ppb)	ect Concentratio	n, Unknown		diately Dangerous to Lil h, IDLH (ppm)	ie or 500.00	1000 B
No Observable B Concentration, N		Unknown		e Weighted Average (p	pm)	
Lowest Observa Concentration, L		Unknown		-TWA	0.50	000 8
LC50 for fish (pp	ь)	Unknown		-TWA		000 8
LC50 for invertel	orates (ppb)	Unknown		-TWA	0.10	000 8
EC50 for plants (	ppb)	Unknown		Term Exposure Limit, (ppm)	2.50	1000 B
EC50 for zoopla	nkton (ppb)	Unknown	Odor	Threshold (ppm)	34.00	0000 ®
EC50 for benthic	invertebrates (p	pb) Unknown	R Huma (ppm)	an Health threshold in a	ir Unknown	B
Log10BCF for fis	h	Unknown	Huma (ppb)	an Health threshold in w	uater Unknown	B
Log10BCF for in	vertebrates	Unknown	Huma	an Health threshold in fo	ood Unknown	B

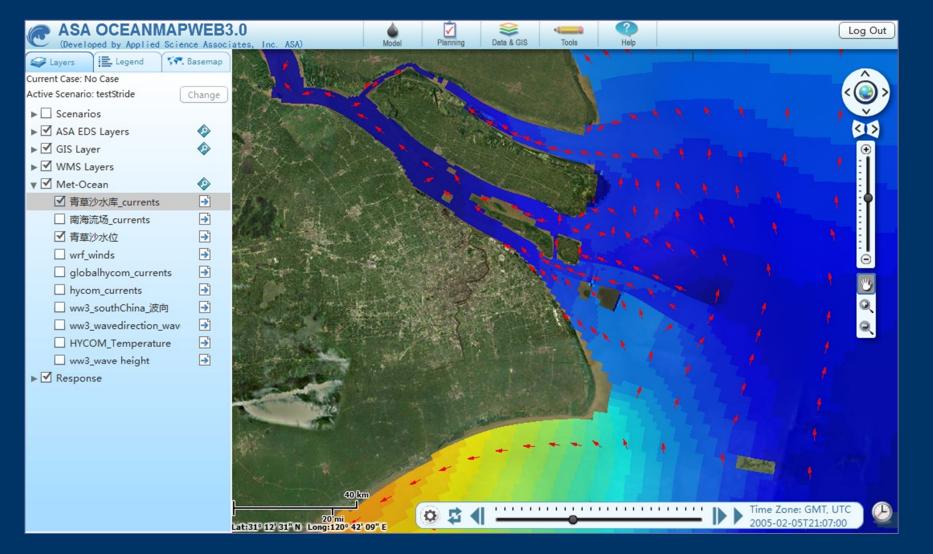
#### CHEMMAP outputs

# Variation in the concentration of the chemical over time

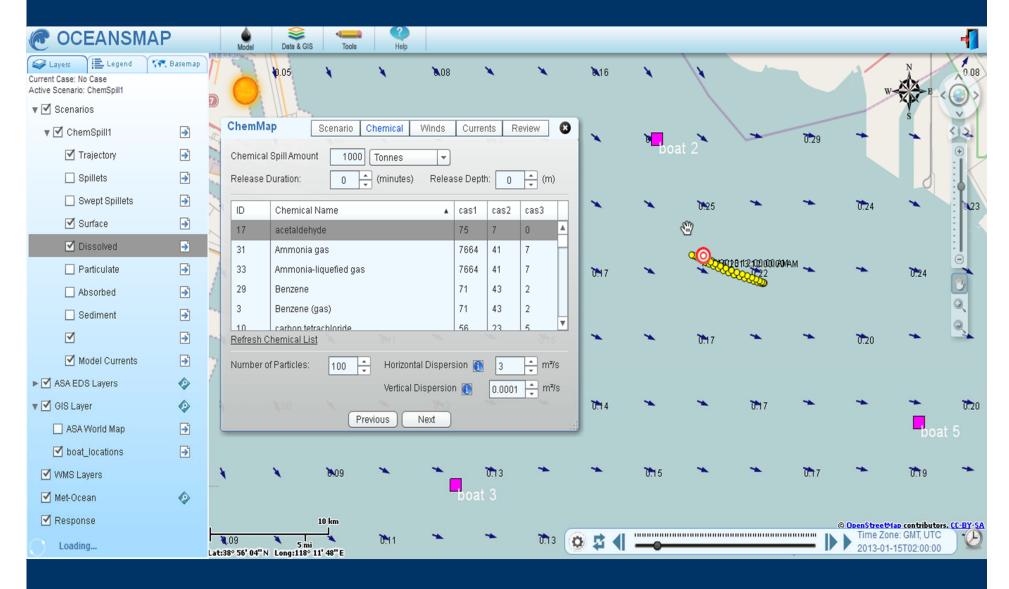


The future: Web environment Information exchange

### **Met-Ocean Data**



## **Chemical Modeling**



## **GIS** Tools

