

EMSA information tools for HNS pollution

MAR-ICE Network and MAR-CIS Datasheets

CEDRE information day - 1 April 2014 "Accidental pollution by HNS"

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Contents

- EMSA mandate and tasks.
- Maritime transport of HNS.
- EMSA's information tools for HNS pollution response:
 - MAR-ICE Network;
 - MAR-CIS Datasheets.





EMSA mandate and tasks

Specialised & decentralised Agency of the EU.

The Agency is active in the areas of:

- Implementation of EU legislation;
- Vessel traffic and monitoring systems;
- Technical and scientific advice to the Commission in the field of maritime safety and pollution prevention by ships;
- Marine pollution preparedness, detection and response;

Set up in 2002, 200+ employees Located in Lisbon, Portugal Budget (2013): € 58.8m





Marine Pollution Preparedness and Response Activities

Network of Stand-by Oil Spill Response Vessels

Experts: On-site/Office-based

CleanSeaNet and Illegal discharges

HNS Information Services

Response to marine pollution from offshore oil and gas installations (since 2013)













IMSB

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HNS Maritime Transport

The maritime transport of HNS has inherent risks associated.

Maritime codes define and prescribe design and building standards for ships and equipment for the **carriage** of chemicals.

Definition and prescription of cargo operations:

Loading / unloading of cargo;

Storage requirements.

Emergency operations.



Complexity of HNS response operations

HNS encompasses many different substances with different behaviours.

HNS bulk transport:

- Large quantities of chemicals on board;
- In case of incident the substance(s) will be directly released into the environment.

HNS packaged:

- Small quantities on board;
- The container/package might delay/prevent the release of the substance(s) into the environment.





Limitation of HNS response operations

Response operations for HNS in bulk:

- Depending on the physical behaviour of the chemical;
- Limited response options.

Response operations for HNS packaged:

• Recovery of containers/drums.

Reactivity with water, air and other chemicals on board.

Cargo manifest mis-declarations.







Information needs in a HNS incident:

First stage:

- Concise information on the substances involved is needed;
- Information on the hazards, behaviour, physical and chemical properties of the substance;
- Evaluate the risks for the crew on board and responders.

Second stage:

• Ship integrity information.

Third stage:

• Information for salvage operations.





EMSA's information tools for HNS Pollution Response

- MAR-ICE Network Service
- MAR-CIS MARine Chemical Information
 Sheets
 - Both products aim at provide substance specific information for pollution response to HNS incidents.
 - To cover information needs at the first stage of the incident.



MAR-ICE Network



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MAR-ICE service: remote substance specific information and advice for ship sourced chemical incidents from a Network of marine pollution response and chemical experts.

MAR-ICE contact Point (CEDRE);

How does it work?

Contact CEDRE, via phone, fax or email;

Availability 24/7;

Requesting parties: 28 EU MS, NOR/ICE, EU Candidate countries.

LIVISA	MAR-ICE Mari	ne intervention in C	hemical Emergency N
a cefic	European	Maritime	Safety Age
	MAR-ICE CONT	CT FORM	
A. <u>Procedure summary f</u>	or activating the M	AR-ICE Network	
1. Call MAR-ICE Contact Point (CEI	DRE);	MAR-ICE Network	k contact details:
 Send this contact form filled in t (alternatively pass the informati CEDBE confirms receipt of email 	iy email/fax to CEDRE on by phone ¹); //fax:	Phone number:	00 33 2 98 33 10 10 00 33 8 00 62 77 65 00 33 800 MARPOL
4. CEDRE sends by email/fax the in	formation requested	Fax number:	00 33 2 98 44 91 38
(alternatively pasess the information of information of a confirm receipt of information of a confirmation of a confirma	stion by phone);	Email address:	MAR-ICE@cedre.fr
B. Information about re	quest		_
Real Incident:	Exe	rcise or Drill:	
Date:	Loc	al Time:	
C. Information about cal	ller (Requester)		
Name:			
Position / Title:			
National Authority / Organisa	tion:		
Country:			
Telephone:	Fax		
E-mail:			
D. Information about transp	ort incident		
Name of vessel(s) and type(s)	1		
IMO number:			
Cause of incident:			
Collision 💷	Mechanical failure	Structur	al failure 😐
Grounding 🗖	Fire or explosion	Other:	
Description of incident location	on:		
Latitude/Longitude:	/		
Weather conditions:			
Sea State:			
Sea State: Water depth (in m):			



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MAR-ICE Network

MAR-ICE information:

Product specific / incident specific / marine-related information;

✓ MSDS & other product-relevant documentation; (as of Feb 2014 also MAR-CIS datasheets)

Remote information & advice / modelling / risk assessment;

✓ 3-D chemical model results;

✓ Information and advice from knowledgeable chemical company (via ICE Database, CEFIC¹).

MAR-ICE service has been used in real incidents, exercises and drills.



There is a need for relevant & concise information for emergency responders at-sea.

Key questions arising during an HNS incident:

- substance's behaviour;
- existing safeguards on board of the ship;
- precautions needed to
 approach the incident area;
 - How to control the situation?





Provide relevant and concise information for marine HNS incident responders;

Added value:

- Include maritime specific information;
- include information on solubility in seawater, through laboratory tests.

Deliverables:

- Datasheets of ~200 substances;
- Access to data via display menu.

	Chemical Substances List	Information Categories
1	Substance	1 - Substance identification
FAACA	1,1 - Dichloroethane/Ethylidene dichloride	
ENISA	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (molten)	2 - Substance properties
/	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	i Fire dismost
Carach	1.2-Dichloroethane	I. Fire Giamona
Search	1.2-Dichloropropane	ii. Warning box
Substance names:	1.3-Cyclopentadiene dimer (molten)	
×	1,5,9-cyclododecatriene	3 - Shipping information
	1-or 2-Nitropropane	i Maritime transportation codes
	1-Undecene	
	2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol-1-Isobutyrate	ii. GESAMP profile
-1	2,2-Dimethylpropane - 1,3-diol (molten or solution)	
	2-Ethoxyethyl acetate/Ethylene glycol ethyl ether acetate	4 - Hazards and risks
WHERE dayse	2-Ethylhexanoic acid	i. CLP/GHS classification
THE COURSE	2-Ethylhexyl acrylate	
CAS number:	a-methylstyrene	ii. Health hazards
	Acetic acid	III Cohatagona inteinsis haanada
	Acetic anhydride	III. Substances intrinsic nazaros
100 million and an	Acetone	iv. Environmental hazards
UN number:	Acetone cyanohydrin	
	Acrylic acid	5 - Emergency measures
	Acrylonitrile	i Emergency health measures
5000	Acrylonitrile-Styrene Copolymer Dispersion in Polyether Polyol	i. Chergency nearanneasures
EBUS.	Adiponitrile	ii. Emergency response measures
	Alachlor technical (90% or more)	
	Alcohol (C12 - C16) poly (7 - 19) ethoxylates	iii. Environmental protection measures
Reset	Alkanes (C6-C9)	iv. Danger zones
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Alkyl (C12-C16) propoxyamine ethoxylate	
Print Datashauta & Dalamona Annan	Alkyl (C5-C8) benzenes	6 - Case histories
First Galasteels a hereferice Arriek	Alkyl (C9+) benzenes	7. Divisional and observiced exception
Printoreview selected substance	Alpha- Olefins (C6-C18) mixtures	7 • Physical and chemical properces
	Ammonia aequous	i. Solubility in sea water
Dist all lated a batances	Ammonia anhydrous	
TITE OF ISLED SUDSLOTICES	Ammonium nitrate solution (93% or less)	8 - Other names
	Amyl alcohol, primary	
Export Datasheets & Reference Annex	Aniline	
	Benzene and mixtures >10% benzene	
Export all listed substances	Brake fluid base mix: Poly(2-8)alkylene (C2-C3) glycols/Polyali (C1-C4) others and their borate esters	



Graphic representation of the GESAMP hazard profile

GESAMP profile								
			1	2	3	4	5	6
Bioaccumulation	A1 Bioaccumulation	0						
& biodegradation	A2 Biodegradation	R: F	دeadil	y bioc	degrad	table		
Aquatic toxicity	B1 Acute aquatic toxicity	3						
	B2 Chronic aquatic toxicity	2						
Acute mammalian	C1Mammalian acute oral toxicity	2						
toxicity	C2Mammalian acute dermal toxicity	2						
	C3Mammalian acute inhalation toxicity	3						
Irritation,	D1Skin irritation and corrosion	1: N	4ildly i	irritat	ing			
corrosion and long term health	D2Eye irritation and corrosion	3: 5	Severe	ly irri	tating			
effects	D3Long-term health effects] c: c	Carcin	ogen				
		T: T S: S	Target Sensiti	orga sing	n syst	emic to	oxici ty	
Interference with	E1 Tainting	NT:	Nott	aintin	ıg (tes	sted)		
other uses of the sea	E2 Physical effects on wildlife & benthic habitats	F: F D: [iloater Dissolv	ves				
	E3 Interference with coastal amenities	3						
Legend	maximum value							
	! maximum value reached							
	() indicative or provisional classification							

used for classifying HNS that may enter the marine environment through operational discharge, accidental spillage or loss of overboard containers from ships.



Includes explanatory information on Maritime transportation codes providing information on existing safeguards on board.

- IBC code Liquid substances
 - transported in bulk
- IMDG code

Substances transported in packaged form





MAR-CIS MARine Chemical Information Sheets

- Emergency measures on-board of ships:
 - In case of leakage in open area;
 - In confined spaces;
 - To water.
- Scenarios built-up;
- How substance will behave in water;
 - e.g. dissolve, evaporate, sink ...
- PPE (Personal protective equipment);
- Monitoring/detection.







MAR-CIS MARine Chemical Information Sheets

Main features:

- Should be readily available for response planners and first responders;
- Provide relevant information for Maritime Pollution Response on board of ships;
- Concise and focused;
- Easy understandable by first responders that may not be chemical experts.

			141.	AIL-OIL	, which chernie	Anilin
Identification						
Name	Aniline				Reference number	5
IUPAC name	Aniline				UN number	1547
Proper shipping	ANILINE				CAS number	62-53-3
Product name	ANILINE				EINECS	200-539-3
					Index number	612-008-00-7
Other names	Aceite de anilina					
(more on page 11)	Amidobenzen					
	Amidobenzol					
	Aminobenceno					
oference: 10, 42, 44						
Substance Pro	perties					
Colourless to brown	liquid with enjoyable	amine-l	ike smell.	Poison	ous (toxic) substanc	e. Floater and
dissolver reactive to	ar. Explosive vapou	r/air mix	tures pos	isible at	elevated temperatu	res. In case of fire/
chermai decompositi Class	Toxic substances	c vapou	5.			
Main uses	Dve synthesis, pha	rmaceuti	icals, rubl	ber, pho	tochemical, solvent	
Annearance	Liquid, colourless to	o brown				
Odour	Enjoyable smell an	nine-like				
Behaviour (FBCS)	ED - floater / discol	ver				
demandar (EBCS)	1.5 Hoace / dissol	1.21				
Fire Codes			_			
Legend		00.5	iek	-	severe risk	1
Hodth	Rhug (Loft)	nor	ISK	D to 4	Severe risk	
Flammability	Bide (Deit) Rod (Top)					
Prantrability	Ked (Top)			0 10 4		
Sporial	White (Rettern)	OX		ovidizor		$+$ \checkmark \checkmark
Hazarda	white (bottom)		means "		vator"	
						•
1						
eference: 10						
Warning: Rea	active to air. To	xic.				
Marning: Rea	active to air. To	xic.				
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Other EMSA HNS information resources

Safe Platform Study - development of vessel design requirements to enter and operate in dangerous atmospheres during the response to HNS incidents

- Methodology used: hazard identification and risk assessment;
- Definition of 5 HNS incident scenarios;
- Existing vessels (refitted for 'safe platforms').

Inventory of EU Member States Policies and Operational Response Capacities for HNS Marine Pollution (2013)



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EMSA

Thank you for your attention!

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